

Bloom School Olympiads

Bloom English Olympiad (BEO)

Class 10th

Question Paper 2022

Student Name _____

Mobile No. _____

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Total Questions : 50

Time : 60 min.

Instructions

1. Additional 10 min. will be given to students to fill up the student's information before the start of the exam.
2. There are two sections, Section A & Section B. **Section A** has 40 questions of 1 mark each and **Section B** has 10 questions of 2 mark each.
3. All questions are compulsory. Use of calculator is not allowed.
4. Write and circle your Roll Number and Subject clearly on the Answer sheet and do not forget to sign.
5. There is only one correct answer hence mark one choice only.
6. Darken your choice with HB Pencil or Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only.

For example

Indira Gandhi International Airport, is situated in which city?

- (a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai
(c) Chennai (d) Hyderabad

20: ☒ (a) ☐ (b) ☐ (c) ☐ (d)

As the correct answer is (a), the student should darken the circle corresponding to option (a)

7. Rough work should be done in the blank space provided in the booklet
8. Return the answer sheet to the exam in-charge teacher at the end of the exam.

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Bloom English Olympiad Class 10

Section A (1 Mark)

1. Identify which part of speech is the underlined word and choose the correct option.
I placed the bowl of food upon the floor and the dog ate greedily.
(a) Adverb (b) Preposition (c) Modal (d) Conjunction
2. Improve the underlined portion of the sentence by replacing it with the correct option.
You can listen to what the teacher says.
(a) You must listen to (b) You should listen to
(c) You would listen to (d) No improvement
3. Which of the following statements is are true?
A. 'The' is a definite article. B. 'Blunder' is a countable noun.
C. 'Unkempt', is an adverb. D. 'Sparingly' is an adjective.

Codes

- (a) A and C (b) A and D (c) B and C (d) A and B
4. Identify the grammatically incorrect sentences and choose the correct option.
A. She is very arrogant because she comes from a rich family.
B. He has not come to meet although he came back before a week.
C. You should not leave now because this road is not safe to travel.
D. Indians should learn to remain united in the time of crisis.
(a) A and B (b) B and C
(c) C and D (d) B and D
 5. Fill in the blanks with the suitable option.
Finding a job where you can learn new skillsa lot of effort. I have been looking for six months. Six months a long time. Not even one company that I applied to responded.
(a) take/ is/has (b) takes/are/have (c) taken/are/had (d) takes/is/has
 6. Improve the underlined portion of the sentence by replacing it with the correct option.
Everyone of the films you suggested are not worth seeing.
(a) are not worth to be seen (b) has not been worth to be seen
(c) is not worth seeing (d) No improvement
 7. Identify the grammatically correct sentences and choose the correct option.
A. The members of the choir are very happy with the performance.
B. Either my sister or my brother has the front door key.
C. Now come the difficult part.
D. George and Tamara doesn't want to see that movie.
(a) A and B (b) B and C
(c) C and D (d) None of these

8. Fill in given blanks with the correct option.
Listen! The coach the strengths of our opponents because our team against them before.
(a) has explained / weren't playing (b) explains / won't play
(c) is explaining / hasn't played (d) was explaining / don't play
9. Improve the underlined portion of the sentence by replacing it with the correct option.
According to the doctor, this time next week, I will walk around as normal.
(a) am walking (b) will be walking
(c) walked (d) No improvement
10. Identify the part of the sentence that contains an error.
The Mumbai Police have found the body of a man who they believe to be the prime suspect of the murder.
(a) The Mumbai Police have found the body of a man
(b) who they believe to be the
(c) prime suspect of the murder.
(d) No error
11. Choose the option that lists the sentences in past perfect tense.
A. Will you have gone to the concert of the realistic songs before I come?
B. We have been trying to solve the problem for two hours.
C. The poet had written a romantic poem before he came to the program.
D. He had not practiced the song before he sang it in the program.
(a) A and B (b) C and D (c) A and D (d) B and C
12. From the options given below, choose the kind of adverb clause present in the sentence.
I was not at home when he came to see me.
(a) Adverb clause of reason (b) Adverb clause of manner
(c) Adverb clause of purpose (d) Adverb clause of time
13. Complete the given conditional sentence using the correct option.
If I were you,
(a) I will marry him
(b) I would marry him
(c) I would have married him
(d) I will have married him
14. Choose the option that correctly depicts the combined sentence by making clause in the sentence.
The sweets are delicious. I bought them yesterday.
(a) The sweets are very delicious.
(b) The sweets bought by me yesterday is very delicious.
(c) The sweets, that I bought yesterday, are delicious.
(d) None of the above

- 15.** Which of the following sentences use collocations correctly?
- A. Once you get a job, you'll know what hard-earned money really is.
 - B. I deeply regret the loss of your loved one.
 - C. Just key in your PIN at the ATM and you can make a deposit.
 - D. Do you think the bank would forgive a debt?
- (a) Only A (b) Only B
(c) Only C (d) All of these

- 16.** Identify the active voice from the following.
- A. They have published all the details of the invention.
 - B. Has anybody answered your question?
 - C. People claim to have seen the suspect in several cities.
 - D. She pulled the door and bolted it behind her.
- (a) A and B (b) Only C
(c) Only D (d) All of these

- 17.** Read the instructions given below and complete the paragraph that follows.

- (i) Wash the thermometer with fresh water thoroughly.
- (ii) Shake it well to bring down the reading below 37°C.
- (iii) Place the die bulb of the thermometer under the patient's tongue.
- (iv) Ask the patient to keep the mouth closed.
- (v) Keep the thermometer under the patient's tongue for at least 2 minutes.
- (vi) Take out the thermometer and read the temperature.

The clinical thermometerwith freshwater and the reading by shaking it well. Then the bulb of the thermometer under the patient's tongue and he is asked to keep the mouth closed. The thermometer should be kept there for at least two minutes. It is then taken out and the temperature is read.

- (a) is washed, is brought down, is placed
- (b) will be washed, will be brought down, will be placed
- (c) washes, brings down, places
- (d) have been washed, has to be brought down, has to be placed

Directions (Q. Nos. 18-20) Change the speech of the given sentences and choose the correct option.

- 18.** Bala's mother: "Will you lock the door, Bala?"
- (a) Bala's mother asked Bala if he would lock the door.
 - (b) Bala's mother asked Bala if he had locked the door.
 - (c) Balas mother said lock the door.
 - (d) Bala's mother told Bala that he need not lock the door.
- 19.** Kiara said that she had been planning for that for a while.
- (a) Kiara said, "I had a plan for this for a while."
 - (b) Kiara said, "I have planned for this for a while."
 - (c) Kiara said, "I have been planning for this for a while."
 - (d) Kiara said, "I planned this for a while."

20. The coach asked us if we had any doubts.

- (a) The coach said to us, "Do you have any doubts?"
- (b) The coach said, "Has anyone have doubts?"
- (c) The coach said to us, "Any doubts?"
- (d) The coach said, "Would you have doubts?"

21. Rearrange the following jumbled words/phrases to form meaningful sentence.

What/may/you/come/finish/homework/your/the party/before/will.

- (a) Come may what, you will finish your homework before the party.
- (b) What may come, you will ifnish your homework before the party.
- (c) Come what may, you will finish your homework before the party.
- (d) May come what, you will finish your homework before the party.

22. Rearrange the given phrases to form a meaningful sentence.

- A. photos which were submitted
- B. in the fire last night
- C. for the exhibition
- D. have been totally burnt

- (a) ADCB
- (c) ACDB

- (b) BACD
- (d) CADB

23. Rearrange the following sentences to make a meaningful paragraph.

1. To much of the labour movement, it symbolises the brutality of the upper classes.
2. And to everybody watching, the current mess over foxhunting, symbolises the government's weakness.
3. To foxhunting supporters, Labour's 1991 manifesto commitment to ban it symbolises the party's metropolitan roots and hostility to the countryside.
4. Small issues sometimes have large symbolic power.
5. To those who enjoy thundering across the country-side in red coats after foxes, foxhunting symbolises the ancient roots of rural lives.

Codes

- (a) 23154
- (c) 35124

- (b) 53421
- (d) 42153

24. Choose the correct antonym for the given word.

Probity

- (a) Timidity
- (c) Dishonesty

- (b) Treachery
- (d) Insincerity

25. Select the synonym of the word given in bold.

He is an **indefatigable** worker.

- (a) tired
- (c) brave

- (b) tireless
- (d) skilful

26. Match the following.

List-I (Word)	List-II (Antonym)
A. Astute	1. Bright
B. Aid	2. Dissimilar
C. Kindred	3. Inept
D. Squalid	4. Displease

Codes

A B C D
(a) 1 2 3 4
(c) 4 1 2 3

A B C D
(b) 2 3 1 4
(d) 3 4 2 1

27. Choose the one word, which can substitute the given set of words or phrase.

A person who is blamed for the wrong doings of others

(a) Phlegmatic (b) Bursar (c) Scapegoat (d) Captor

28. Choose the most suitable option that can replace the underlined part.

Her proverty had been a sligh flaw that can be forgiven for two gallant gentlemen.

(a) venial (b) soporific (c) plebiscite (d) apiary

29. Choose the most suitable option that can replace the underlined part.

The hospital was known for providing Heliotherapy and had one the few state of the art facilities in the world to practice it.

(a) A cure of bone problems (b) A cure using the sun
(c) A cure for respiratory problems (d) A cure using water

30. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom given in bold in the sentence.

The present undergraduate syllabus leaves very little **elbow room** for teachers to be innovative.

(a) room for elbow (b) greed (c) freedom (d) ground

31. Match the following.

List-I (Idioms and Phrases)	List-II (Meaning)
A. Best of both worlds	1. An Ideal situation
B. Under the weather	2. Being sick
C. A picture worth 1000 words	3. Better to show than tell
D. Costs an arm and leg	4. Very expensive

Codes

A B C D
(a) 1 2 3 4
(c) 3 1 4 2

A B C D
(b) 2 3 1 4
(d) 4 3 1 2

Directions (Q. Nos. 32-35) Fill in the blanks with suitable words from the options given below.

Changes in law after the Nirbhaya case included notifying stalking as a criminal offence, with repeat offences being non-bailable and punishable by five years(32)..... . But a(33)..... justice system, insensitive subcultures of police and the social stigmatisation of victims mean that seeking the law's protection remains rare. More often the woman will change her routine in various ways, sometimes too traumatised to keep going to school or work. In Nikita's case, a 2018 complaint against Touseef was withdrawn, reportedly under pressure from his politically powerful family. In countless other cases, maleness(34).... sufficient impunity in and of itself. Obviously, the policing of stalkers must improve. But a host of other institutions from schools to families also need to do a much better job of socialising gender relations. Today, dominant notions of romance(35).... of male entitlement. While modernity is making men and women engage on technically equal terms on the outside, that transition needs to happen on the mental plane as well. This needs open conversations about what relationships mean, what love means. It's not coercion. It's misrepresentation.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 32. (a) jail | (b) imprisonment |
| (c) custody | (d) free movement |
| 33. (a) sane | (b) lucid |
| (c) balanced | (d) kafkaesque |
| 34. (a) bestows | (b) evicts |
| (c) lends | (d) None of these |
| 35. (a) show | (b) presence of |
| (c) taste | (d) reek |

Directions (Q. Nos. 36-38) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

The forces that generate conditions conducive to crime and riots are stronger in urban communities than in rural areas. Urban living is more anonymous living. It often releases the individual from community restraints more common in tradition-oriented societies. But more freedom from constraints and controls also provides greater freedom to deviate. And living in the impersonalised, formally controlled urban society means that regulatory orders are often directed by distant bureaucrats. The police are strangers executing these prescriptions on an anonymous set of subjects. Minor offences in small town or village are often handled without resort to official police action. As disputable as such action may seem to be, it results in fewer recorded violations of the law compared to the big cities. Although perhaps causing some decision-difficulties for the police in small town, formal and objective law enforcement is not always acceptable to villagers.

Urban areas with mass population, greater wealth, more commercial establishments and more products of our technology also provide more frequent opportunities for theft. Victims are impersonalised, property is insured, consumer goods in more abundance are vividly displayed and are more portable. The crime-rate increases despite formal moral education given in schools.

36. According to the passage, all the following contribute to higher crime-rates in urban areas except
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (a) vivid display of consumer goods | (b) higher standard of living |
| (c) urban impersonalised living | (d) inadequate police force |

- 37.** Which of the following is a characteristic of an urban setting?
- (a) Unreported minor crimes
 - (b) Deviation from freedom
 - (c) Less forceful social control
 - (d) Minimal opportunities of crime due to better law enforcement
- 38.** The author's view of 'Traditional Societies' is best expressed by which of the following?
- (a) They provide less freedom for the individual in many circumstances.
 - (b) They have lower crime-rates because of the moral teachings in schools.
 - (c) They provide inadequate freedom for personal movements and travel.
 - (d) They do not have adequate modern technology.
- 39.** Match the items given in List-I with those given in List-II.

List-I	List-II
A. Salutation	1. Article
B. Title	2. Notice
C. Date of Issue	3. Story
D. Theme	4. Letter

Codes

- A B C D
- (a) 4 1 3 2
- (c) 3 1 4 2

- A B C D
- (b) 2 3 1 4
- (d) 4 1 2 3

- 40.** Choose the best response for the following.
- You are returning home at night. Two persons on a bike stop you and ask you to handover your money and valuables. What will you do?
- (a) Raise alarm to gather people
 - (b) Call your friend for help
 - (c) Resist and fight with them
 - (d) Call the police

Section B (2 Marks)

- 41.** Read the following statement and choose the correct option.
- A. 'The' is used before 'Netherlands'.
 - B. 'Recycle' is a verb while 'Recycled' is an adjective.
 - C. 'Pester' is a verb while 'Lockdown' is a noun.
 - D. 'Barbaric' is an adverb.
- (a) TTTT (b) TTFF
- (c) TTTF (d) TFTF

42. Which of the following sentences have the correct use of tenses?

- A. She is brushing her teeth every night.
- B. I know her since 1999.
- C. Nutan has written ten e-mails since morning.
- D. I don't think we met before.

Codes

- (a) A and B (b) Only C (c) Only D (d) C and D

43. With reference to collocations, identify the given sentences as T (True) and F (False). Choose from the options given below.

- A. 'Take a mistake' is an appropriate collocation.
- B. 'Rush hour' and 'Junk food are appropriate' collocations.
- C. 'Strongly' and 'opposed' do not go with each other.
- D. 'Biting' and 'remark' do not collocate with each other.

- (a) FTFF (b) FTFT (c) FFFF (d) TTTT

44. Complete the conversation using passive voice by selecting from the given options. (Natasha has just arrived home from work. Nitin is already there.)

Natasha Hi! I'm back. Sorry I'm late.

Nitin Hello. What made you late?

Natasha I had to use the ring road and I (i)..... (stick) in a traffic jam for forty minutes.

Nitin Why did you not use the usual route?

Natasha Because the road (ii) (close) until work on the access road to the new hospital (iii)(complete).

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (i) (a) got stuck | (b) was being stuck |
| (c) had been stuck | (d) stuck |
| (ii) (a) was closed | (b) have been closed |
| (c) has been closed | (d) was going to be closed |
| (iii) (a) was complete | (b) was going to be completed |
| (c) has been completed | (d) have been completed |

45. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- A. 'Wavy' and 'Lax' are synonyms.
- B. 'Camouflage' means 'to expose'.
- C. 'Impede' and 'Advance' are antonyms.
- D. 'Satisfied' is a synonym of 'smug'.

Codes

- (a) A and B (b) A, B and C (c) Only C (d) C and D

46. Consider the following statements.

1. He got home from the party all in one piece.
2. He never made a will, to the best of my knowledge.
3. His diet went out the window during holidays.

Which of these statements use the underlined idioms correctly?

- (a) 1 and 2 (b) 1 and 3 (c) 2 and 3 (d) All of these

47. Following conversations has mixed up sentences. Reorder them correctly and choose the correct option.

- A. It was not so good.
- C. How was your trip?

- B. What happened?
- D. I lost my bag.

- (a) C - A - B - D
- (c) D - B - C - A

- (b) A - B - D - C
- (d) A - D - C - B

48. Your cousin has invited you for an outing. Somehow, you will be unable to attend it. The best way to turn down his invitation is

- A. to not inform him/her that you'll be unable to come.
- B. Sorry! I have other plans. I'll definitely go next time.
- C. I wish I could make it, but I have a test that day.
- D. I won't come as its too hot.

Codes

- (a) Only C
- (c) Both A and C

- (b) Only D
- (d) Both B and C

49. Statement Detergents should be used to clean clothes.

Assumptions

- I. Detergents form more lather.
- II. Detergents help to dislodge grease and dirt.

- (a) Only assumption I is implicit
- (c) Either I or II is implicit

- (b) Only assumption II is implicit
- (d) Neither I nor II is implicit

50. Your best friend has scored better marks than you in the final exam.
You will

- (a) congratulate him/her on his/her success and keep working hard for the next exam.
- (b) get demotivated and stop studying.
- (c) stop talking to him/her.
- (d) tell your parents that the teacher favours him/ her and hence has awarded him/her more marks.

ANSWER KEY

English Class 10th

1.	(a)	18.	(a)	35.	(d)
2.	(a)	19.	(c)	36.	(d)
3.	(d)	20.	(a)	37.	(c)
4.	(b)	21.	(c)	38.	(a)
5.	(d)	22.	(c)	39.	(d)
6.	(c)	23.	(d)	40.	(a)
7.	(a)	24.	(c)	41.	(c)
8.	(c)	25.	(b)	42.	(b)
9.	(b)	26.	(d)	43.	(a)
10.	(b)	27.	(c)	44.	i. (a), ii. (c), iii. (c)
11.	(b)	28.	(a)	45.	(d)
12.	(d)	29.	(b)	46.	(d)
13.	(c)	30.	(c)	47.	(a)
14.	(c)	31.	(a)	48.	(d)
15.	(d)	32.	(b)	49.	(b)
16.	(d)	33.	(c)	50.	(a)
17.	(a)	34.	(a)		

BMO

Bloom
Maths
Olympiad

BSO

Bloom
Science
Olympiad

BEO

Bloom
English
Olympiad

BGO

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GK
Olympiad

BRO

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CLASS 1-12

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- Bloom Reas. & Apt Olympiad (BRAO)
- Bloom History Olympiad (BHiO)
- Bloom Geography Olympiad (BGeO)
- Bloom Political Science Olympiad (BPSO)
- Bloom Commerce Olympiad (BCoO)
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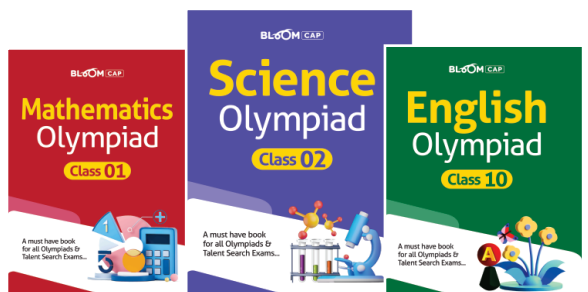
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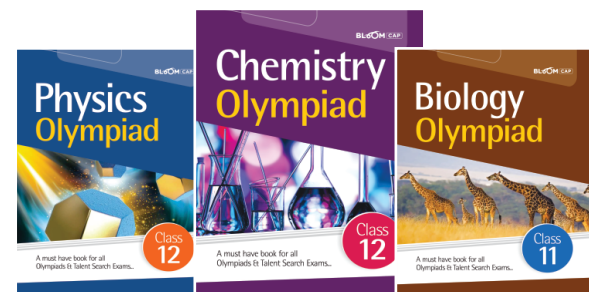
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