

Bloom Social Studies Olympiad Sample Paper

Maximum Time : 60 Minutes

Maximum Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS

1. There are 50 Multiple Choice Questions in this paper divided into two sections :
Section A 40 MCQs; 1 Mark each
Section B 10 MCQs; 2 Marks each
2. Each question has Four Options out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.
3. All questions are compulsory.
4. There is no negative marking.
5. No electric device capable of storing and displaying visual information such as calculator and mobile is allowed during the course of the exam.

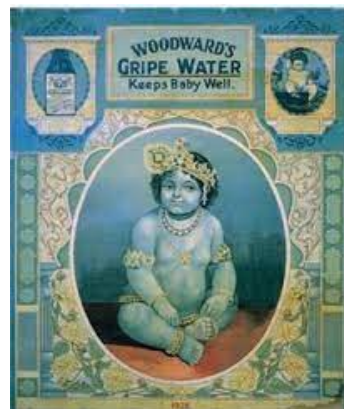
Roll No.

Student's Name

Section-A (1 Mark each)

1. Who gave the famous speech of 'Do or Die' in one of the meetings of the All-India Congress Committee held in 1942?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (d) Subhash Chandra Bose
2. Rooftop rainwater harvesting is the common practice in
(a) Jaisalmer (b) Rourkela
(c) Shillong (d) None of these
3. Which among the following regions in Bengal was solely devoted to the printing of books?
(a) Rishra (b) Battala
(c) Krishnapur (d) Tisa
4. Which among the following countries has the second largest road networks in the world?
(a) India (b) Russia
(c) China (d) Brazil
5. Federation of the Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industries (FICCI) was established by the prominent industrialists of British India in the year of
(a) 1920 (b) 1931 (c) 1930 (d) 1927
6. Nepal witnessed an extraordinary popular movement in the year of
(a) 2001 (b) 2006
(c) 2010 (d) 1990
7. Which among the following is/are the part of services sector?
(a) Cobblers (b) Accountants
(c) Teachers (d) All of these
8. What is/are the factor(s) which made the print culture seem to bring enlightenment and end despotism?
(a) Spreading of new ideas (b) Building new culture of dialogue and debate
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
9. was assaulted by the British police during a peaceful demonstration against the
(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Hunter Commission
(b) Lala Lajpat Rai, Simon Commission
(c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Sapru Commission
(d) Madan Mohan Malviya, Rayleigh Commission

10. 'Amar Jiban' the first full-length autobiography which was published in Bangla language was written by whom among the following?
- (a) Kailashbashini Debi
 (b) Rashsundari Debi
 (c) Pandita Ramabai
 (d) Begum Rokeya Hossein
11. The Parvati valley in Himachal Pradesh is a vital source of energy.
- (a) solar (b) geothermal
 (c) biogas (d) None of these
12. Which among the following consists of single mineral only?
- (a) Limestone (b) Quartzite (c) Granite (d) Marble
13. Consider the following statements and identify the incorrect ones in the context of Indian Railways .
- (a) Railways are the secondary mode of transportation for passengers in India.
 (b) They contribute in binding the economic life in the country.
 (c) The Indian Railway is now reorganised into 14 zones.
 (d) All of the above
14. Which among the following logos and certification help consumers get assured of quality while purchasing the goods and services?
- (a) ISI (b) AGMARK
 (c) Hallmark (d) All of these
15. For a long time, has been the main channel to connecting countries.
- (a) foreign trade (b) globalisation
 (c) international relations (d) diaspora
16. The given image depicts a brand calendar of Gripe Water cover for marketing. In which did it get printed?



- (a) 1911 (b) 1909
 (c) 1931 (d) 1928

17. When did the Equal Remuneration Act was enacted?
 (a) 1999 (b) 1976
 (c) 1991 (d) 1977
18. Which among the following statements is incorrect regarding the water war of Bolivia?
 (a) The World Bank pressurised the Bolivian government to give up its control of municipal water supply.
 (b) The government did not sell their rights for the city of Cochabamba to MNCs.
 (c) A new alliance of labour leaders organised a general strike in the city.
 (d) The government imposed the martial law during the second strike held in April.
19. Sicily is located in the Southern part of
 (a) Portugal (b) Greece
 (c) Costa Rica (d) Italy
20. The first spinning and weaving mill of Madras began production in which year?
 (a) 1862 (b) 1874
 (c) 1855 (d) None of these
21. The Deoband society in India was founded in the year of
 (a) 1867 (b) 1886
 (c) 1891 (d) 1812
22. Which among the following states is involved in the Krishna-Godavari dispute?
 (a) Tamil Nadu (b) Kerala
 (c) Karnataka (d) Madhya Pradesh
23. The Indian Wildlife Protection Act was implemented in the year of
 (a) 1970 (b) 1972
 (c) 1980 (d) 1982
24. The monazite sand of Kerala is rich in which among the following minerals?
 (a) Radium (b) Vanadium
 (c) Palladium (d) Thorium
25. Identify the correctly matched pair.
 (a) Lion-tailed Macaque – Normal Species
 (b) Sangai – Rare Species
 (c) Desert Fox – Endemic Species
 (d) Pink-headed Duck – Extinct Species
26. The oceanic resources beyond nautical miles of the coastline of the country belong to open ocean and no individual country can utilise these without the concurrence of international institutions.
 (a) 200 (b) 250
 (c) 300 (d) 350

27. Identify the sector of economy from the given picture.



- (a) Primary sector
- (b) Tertiary sector
- (c) Secondary sector
- (d) Joint sector

28. Choose the correct statement(s) regarding banks.

- (a) Banks accept the deposits and also pay an amount as interest on the deposits.
- (b) The deposits in the bank accounts can be withdrawn on demand, these deposits are called demand deposits.
- (c) The facility of cheques against demand deposits makes it possible to directly settle payments without the use of cash.
- (d) All of the above

29. North-Eastern states such as Nagaland, Mizoram and Assam are given certain special powers under which article of the Indian Constitution?

- (a) Article 371A
- (b) Article 243
- (c) Article 15B
- (d) None of these

30. Choose the incorrect statement regarding development.

- (a) Different persons could have different as well as conflicting notions of a country's development.
- (b) For development people look at a mix of goals.
- (c) The developmental goals that people have are only about better income.
- (d) None of the above

31. Which among the following languages has the highest proportion of speakers in the Eastern region of India?

- (a) Assamese
- (b) Bangla
- (c) Odia
- (d) Telugu

32. Tax on imports is an example of

- (a) trade barrier
- (b) trade facilitation
- (c) privatisation
- (d) liberalisation

33. The given cartoon is of one of the Prime Ministers of Italy and the owner of one of the most famous football clubs of the world - AC Milan. Identify it.



- (a) Silvio Berlusconi
- (b) Giuliano Amato
- (c) Romano Prodi
- (d) Mario Monti

34. Which among the following is/are the example(s) of industries where production is carried out by a large number of small producers around the world?

- (a) Garments
- (b) Sports Equipments
- (c) Footwear
- (d) All of these

35. Banks use the major portion of the deposits to..... .

- (a) extend loans
- (b) pay taxes
- (c) keep as reserves
- (d) extend loans to government

36. Removing barriers or restrictions set by the government is known as..... .

- (a) liberalisation
- (b) privatisation
- (c) globalisation
- (d) None of these

37. is one of the most appropriate example of accommodation of social diversity among the countries.

- (a) Sri Lanka
- (b) Belgium
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) Pakistan

38. What is the main theme behind establishing democracy in any country?

- (a) Dignity and freedom of an individual
- (b) Economic growth
- (c) Economic equality
- (d) None of these

39. Consider the following statements and mark the correct ones in the context of the challenges to democracy.

- (a) Democracy is successful in applying the basic principle of democratic government across all regions.
- (b) Democracy is successful in always providing inclusion of women and minority groups.
- (c) Democracy still needs to work on deepening the strength of social institutions and implementation of the democratic practices.
- (d) All of the above

40. Which among the following states of India has the lowest child sex-ratio as per 2011 census?
- (a) Haryana (b) Jammu and Kashmir
(c) Punjab (d) Rajasthan

Section-B (2 Marks each)

41. There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes given below.

Assertion (A) Multinational corporations are large companies that operate in several countries at the same time.

Reason (R) The worldwide spread of MNCs was a notable feature of the 1950s and 1960s.

Codes

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true, but R is false
(d) A is false, but R is true

42. Match the following.

List I	List II
A. Chhote aur Bade Sawal	1. Lakshminath Bezbaruah
B. Gulamgiri	2. Kashibaba
C. Burhi Aair Sadhu	3. Ram Chaddha
D. Istri Dharm Vichar	4. Jyotiba Phule

Codes

- | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|
| A | B | C | D | A | B | C | D |
| (a) 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | (b) 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (c) 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | (a) 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

43. There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the codes given below.

Assertion (A) Erasmus was unsatisfied with the printing of books.

Reason (R) He was afraid that this would lead to the circulation of books with rebellious ideas.

Codes

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true, but R is false
(d) A is false, but R is true

44. Read the following statements and choose the correct option.

- I. Renewable resources are better for the environment than non-renewable resources.
- II. Renewable resources can be replenished naturally, whereas non-renewable resources are finite and will eventually be depleted.

Codes

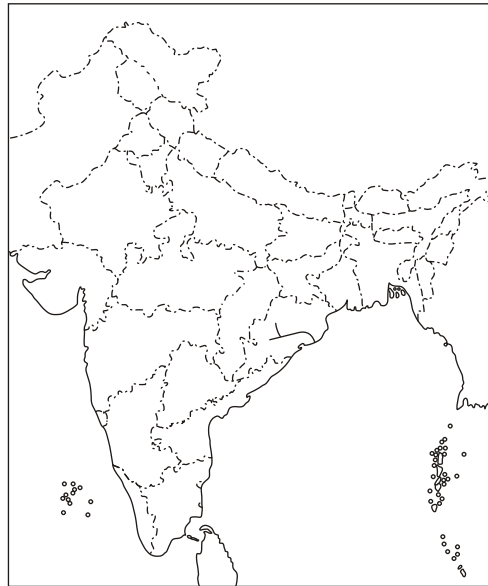
- (a) Only I
- (b) Only II
- (c) Both I and II
- (d) Neither I nor II

45. Identify the sector with the help of information given below.

- It covers activities in which natural products are changed into other forms through ways of manufacturing that we associate with industrial activity.
- This sector is associated with the different kinds of industries that come up.

- (a) Primary sector
- (b) Secondary sector
- (c) Tertiary sector
- (d) None of these

46. Identify the river which is marked in the map given below.



- (a) Mahanadi River
- (b) Kaveri River
- (c) Tungabhadra River
- (d) Periyar River

47. Consider the statements and arrange in sequence according to the occurrence of events.

- I. Boundaries of several old states of India were changed in order to create new states.
- II. A major step towards decentralisation was taken by amending the Constitution.
- III. Initially, use of English for official purposes were stopped as per the Indian Constitution.
- IV. Constitution of India came into force.

Codes

- (a) I, II, III, IV
- (b) II, IV, I, III
- (c) IV, I, III, II
- (d) III, I, IV, II

48. Consider the given statements.

- I. Political parties choose their candidates and do contest elections.
- II. Political parties offer various policies and programmes which are beneficial for the countrymen.
- III. Political parties play an indecisive role in the law-making procedure for a country.
- IV. Political parties do not have any role in shaping the public opinion.

Which among the following is/are incorrect?

- (a) Only III
- (b) Both III and IV
- (c) Both II and IV
- (d) Only IV

49. Read the given statements and select the option that correctly identifies which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F).

- I. The development of agriculture and industry leads to the development of services such as transport, trade, storage.
- II. As income levels rise, certain sections of people start demanding many more services such as shopping, eating out.
- III. More than half of the workers in the India are working in the primary sector, mainly in agriculture.

Codes

- | | I | II | III |
|-----|---|----|-----|
| (a) | T | T | F |
| (b) | F | F | F |
| (c) | T | T | T |
| (d) | F | T | T |

50. Repayment of the loan in rural areas is crucially dependent on which among the following?

- I. Income from farming
- II. Money from government
- III. Allied activities of the village

Codes

- (a) Only I
- (a) Only II
- (a) Only III
- (a) Both I and II

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1	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	2	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	3	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	4	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
5	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	6	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	7	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	8	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
9	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	10	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	11	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	12	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
13	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	14	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	15	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	16	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
17	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	18	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	19	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	20	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
21	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	22	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	23	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	24	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
25	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	26	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	27	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	28	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
29	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	30	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	31	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	32	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
33	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	34	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	35	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	36	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
37	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	38	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	39	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	40	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
41	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	42	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	43	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	44	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
45	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	46	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	47	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	48	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
49	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	50	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)										

Answers

1. (a) Mahatma Gandhi
2. (c) Shillong
3. (b) Battala
4. (a) India
5. (d) 1927
6. (b) 2006
7. (d) All of these
8. (c) Both (a) and (b)
9. (b) Lala Lajpat Rai, Simon Commission
10. (b) Rashsundari Debi
11. (b) geothermal
12. (a) Limestone
13. (c) The Indian Railway is now reorganised into 14 zones.
14. (d) All of these
15. (a) foreign trade
16. (d) 1928
17. (b) 1976
18. (b) The government did not sell their rights for the city of Cochabamba to MNCs.
19. (d) Italy

20. (b) 1874
21. (a) 1867
22. (c) Karnataka
23. (b) 1972
24. (d) Thorium
25. (d) Pink-headed Duck – Extinct Species
26. (a) 200
27. (b) Tertiary sector
28. (d) All of the above
29. (a) Article 371A
30. (c) The developmental goals that people have are only about better income.
31. (b) Bangla
32. (a) trade barrier
33. (a) Silvio Berlusconi
34. (d) All of these
35. (a) extend loans
36. (d) None of these
37. (b) Belgium
38. (a) Dignity and freedom of an individual
39. (c) Democracy still needs to work on deepening the strength of social institutions and implementation of the democratic practices.
40. (a) Haryana
41. (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
42. (a) 2 4 1 3
43. (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
44. (c) Both I and II
45. (c) Tertiary sector
46. (a) Mahanadi River
47. (c) IV, I, III, II
48. (b) Both III and IV
49. (c) T T T
50. (a) Only I